

The New York Reform Club has modestly assumed the task of framing a tariff law for the United States. A committee, consisting of E. Ellery Anderson, Charles S. Fairchild, Thomas G. Sheean, David A. Wells, John D. Warder and Everett P. Wheeler, appointed by the club, has completed a draft of a bill which, when perfected, will be submitted to Congress as a substitute for the tariff laws now in force. The bill has been submitted to the Club for suggestions and criticism. It will be presented to Secretary Carlisle for his information and guidance in formulating the Administration scheme for reforming the tariff.

The general principles upon which the bill has been framed are to make crude materials to be used in the process of manufacturing, free of duty, and to fix such rates on other articles as will produce the largest amount of revenue consistent with large importations. This purpose is limited, however, by consideration of the welfare and necessities of the people at large.

All duties are made strictly ad valorem, except those which are levied as compensatory for internal revenue taxes upon similar articles produced in the United States. Experience has shown, the committee states, that duties cannot be raised above 25 per cent. without offering dangerous incentives to smuggling, and few articles of luxury may be excepted from the operation of these general rules. All foreign articles, which if made here, would be subject to internal revenue taxes, must, of course, be subject to at least an equal tax, but as to liquors and tobacco, the duties upon them should be made with a view to obtaining the greatest possible amount of revenue, without any concern as to whether we give or withhold protection to American producers.

Raw silk is to be free of duty, but in deference to the popular opinion that manufactured silk is a luxury, it is to be taxed 20 per cent. of its value. Crude metals, not merely ores, but pig iron, ingots and bars, with the exception of iron and steel, are put on the free list. Tin plates are to be taxed 15 or 20 per cent., but provisions, except what may be considered luxuries, are to be admitted free. The duty upon woollens and worsted manufactures of every description is 25 per cent. of their value.

The committee say it would be exceedingly desirable to have no specific free list, but have everything free which is not expressly subjected to duty, and suggest that a tax of about half a cent per pound be made on raw sugar.

The Tariff Reform Club favors a tariff for revenue as against a tariff to create trusts, but if, as General Hancock said, the tariff is a local issue, conditions may exist in many parts of the country of which the Club, which is a local organization, may be utterly ignorant. Heretofore tariff laws have been compromise measures, Congressmen from the various sections of the Union making the best terms possible for the industries of their respective districts. The McKinley bill, when introduced in the House of Representatives, put a duty of two cents per pound upon sugar and a duty of one dollar each on hides. The Committee of Ways and Means put sugar on the free list, but in deference to the maple sugar manufacturers of Vermont, gave a bounty of two cents per pound to home producers of the article. Senators Edmunds and Morrill of Vermont declaring that they would defeat the bill unless the bounty clause was incorporated in the bill. The boot and shoe manufacturers of Massachusetts rebelled against the taxation of hides and declared that they would not support the Republican party unless hides were admitted free. So it will probably be when the tariff question again comes before Congress. Senators and Representatives will look out for the interests of the localities they represent, and doubtless materially change the schedule of the Reform Club bill, even though it should receive the approval of Secretary Carlisle and the Administration.

OFFICE-SEEKING C-USED BY DULL TIMES.

The National Watchman says Washington is filled to overflowing with office-seekers. Never before has there been such a wild scramble for office. Every State and seemingly every voting precinct is represented, and the cry is "still they come." Such actions prove conclusively the business stagnation and distress that prevails throughout the entire Nation. Men are here from distant sections, bending all their energies to obtain a position that will pay a salary of \$1,200 to \$1,500 who twenty years ago were earning twice or three times that sum in a pleasant business at home. Now all business is uncertain and unremunerative, and a safe income, though small, is preferred.

The President does not want a demagogic politician for Commissioner of the Penitentiary and is looking for a man who will conduct the office on purely business principles, and in that he is undoubtedly right.

Matthew P. Densly, Judge of the United States District Court of Oregon, died yesterday. He had been on the Bench about 40 years as a State and Federal Judge.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS!

Matters of Interest From Home and Abroad.

A CHAPTER OF STORMS.

Considerable Property Destroyed by a Cyclone.

NO MONEY OR WORK FOR THEM.

Disastrous Storm.

LOUISVILLE, March 24.—A heavy storm which passed over a large section of the South last night did great damage at Bowling Green and the surrounding country.

The storm was in the nature of a gale at Bowling Green. Roofs of 15 or 20 houses were blown off. The most serious damage was to the Louisville & Nashville road house. The storm struck the bridle, tearing off the roof and leveling the brick walls with the ground. The following material did serious damage to engines inside. An unfortunate colored man was unable to make his escape and was caught in the debris and badly, though not seriously, injured. The loss on the building and locomotives is from \$75,000 to \$100,000.

Among the roofs blown off at Bowling Green was that of the Warren county court house.

Passengers on the delayed fast express on the Louisville & Nashville from the south stated that all along the road evidence of the storm could be seen. Many farm houses were noticed to be roofless and scores of stables and out-houses are totally demolished. Trees were blown across the track at many points, but section men managed by hard work to keep the track clear for regular trains.

The town of Rowles is almost destroyed. The postoffice building was swept entirely away; loss, \$41,000. The storehouse occupied by Stephens & Knows was demolished and the stock, valued at \$6,000, was ruined by rain. Isaac Hamilton lost several tenement houses and storerooms, besides having his residence badly damaged. The Shelton House was unroofed as were other buildings near by.

Every house in Stanford was damaged. J. W. Flower's residence, one mile from town, was uprooted. J. H. Hiatt's house was blown down, and the Dudderill mill, two miles away, was damaged.

At Murray there lay 20 residences and 50 stables and barns demolished. Only one person, Miss Alice Stablesfield, was seriously injured, though dozens were slightly hurt. The loss will reach \$25,000. Much timber, fencing, etc., was also destroyed.

NO Protracted Fight in the Senate.

WASHINGTON, March 24.—The indications at present do not point to a protracted fight in the Senate over a reorganization of the elective officers. There appears to be no desire to enter into any lengthy debate that will prolong the present extra session beyond the time when the President will have notified the Senate that he has no further communications to make, and certain well known Senators say they intend to leave the city, regardless of the fact whether there is a reorganization or not.

The Republicans say they will insist upon a strict following of precedents, and it looks as if they would be able to force the Democrats to hold off until the commencement of the regular session.

Van C. Chairman of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, who is preparing the majority report on the cases of the Senators appointed by the Governors of Montana, Washington and Wyoming will file it to-morrow. It will not be long, but will present reasons why the majority of the committee do not believe the certificates of these Governors sufficient authority upon which to seat the Senators in question.

Hoar, who prepared the minority report favoring seating the Senators, has completed the work. Probably both reports will be printed and will be laid upon the Senators' desks when the Senate convenes Monday. In that event the debate relative to these cases may be precipitated immediately.

WEATHER FORECAST.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 24.—The forecast for Nevada is fair except occasional light rain or snow in the northern portion slight change in temperature.

Perfect Baby Health

ought to mean glowing health throughout childhood, and robust health in the years to come. When we see in children tendencies to weakness, we know they are missing the life of food taken. This loss is overcome by Scott's Emulsion

of Cod Liver Oil, with Hypophosphites, a fat-food that builds up appetite and produces flesh at that rate that appears magical.

Almost as palatable as milk.

Prepared by Scott's Sons, N. Y. All druggists.

MINES SOLD FOR \$40,000.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 24.—J. K. Paxton, one of the discoverers of the Vanderbilt gold mines, San Bernardino county, who, with his partner, R. C. Hall and J. P. Taggart, lately sold the Gold Bar and Gold Bar Extension mines to John W. Mackay, James Flood and W. D. Lyle of this city, has come up to get the money for the mine and it has been paid over to him and Mr. Hall since their arrival. The amount for which the Gold Bar and its extension were sold was \$40,000.

Messrs. Flood and Mackay received word yesterday that the new shaft which was being sunk had made a new strike of two feet of rich gold in white quartz. Twenty-five men are at work in the mine.

The main ledge is from one foot to 25 feet wide. Lots of ore has been shipped and there is a lot now out for shipment.

A CASE OF NECESSITY.

WASHINGTON, March 24.—Seldom has a more persistent and earnest pressure been brought to bear than that which Secretary Carlisle has been subjected to within the past few days since he was obliged to cut down the force of clerks in his department.

Senators, Representatives and other men of influence implored him to reinstate this one or that.

Carlisle so far, however, has not yielded to any of these importunities. He remarked to one who desired the retention of a clerk: "My dear sir, it is not a matter of choice on my part, but a case of necessity. I not only have no money with which to pay these employees, but I have no work for them to do."

A GREAT BENEFIT TO FARMERS.

YUMA, A. T., March 24.—The heavy rainfall during the week throughout Arizona has been of great benefit to stockmen and farmers. All streams and arroyos are running banks full. The Gila river, in the upper valley, has risen nine feet. Salt river is reported to have risen seven feet and is still rising. The Colorado rises two feet and is rising at the rate of an inch an hour.

There are no fears of a flood or a grand overflow, although the Colorado bids fair to be a big river for at least the next five months to come.

DELEGATES WILL BE SENT.

WASHINGTON, March 24.—"I know they are going to reassemble. The President is favorable to that," said Senator Teller of Colorado this morning when asked just as he had come from a short talk with Cleveland, as to what news there was with regard to the International Monetary Conference.

Subsequently Senator Teller had an extended interview with Secretary Carlisle in regard to the Conference, and was told by the Secretary that it was definitely settled that the United States would send delegates. It is likely that the old delegates would be requested to serve.

A WOMAN'S BODY FOUND.

UXIA, O. T., March 24.—The remains of Mrs. Carter, a former resident of this city, were found submerged in a land slide three miles from Round Valley yesterday. A traveler on one of the mountain trails discovered a human foot protruding from the earth. Assistance was summoned and the remains of Mrs. Carter were uncovered. She was found head downward near the body of her horse.

DIED.

HARIN—Near Steamboat, Washoe county, Nev., March 22, 1893, Antonie Darini, aged 64 years. Funeral at Washoe at 12 o'clock.

GIORIO—In Reno, Nev., March 25, 1893, Mrs. Oliver Giorio, mother of Mr. Felix Debonchon, a native of Osman, aged 68 years.

AT HAND

IN A DANGEROUS EMERGENCY, AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL IS PROMPT TO ACT AND SURE TO CURE.

AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL

excels all similar preparations. It is endorsed by leading physicians, is agreeable to the taste, does not interfere with digestion, and even consumption, in its early stages,

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PRICE OF DAILY JOURNAL,
FIFTEEN CENTS PER WEEK
Delivered by Carrier

SATURDAY.....MARCH 25, 1893

BREVITIES

Paints at Lango & Schmitt's.
Dr. Porter fits teeth without pain.
Ayer's Sarsaparilla is unequalled as a cure for female disorders.

First-class pasture for stock, cheap.
See ad in another column.

Crockery and glassware at San Francisco prices at Lango & Schmitt's.

Dr. Joseph Henderson of Elko arrived here yesterday on his way to Carson.

The public schools will have a week's vacation beginning with Monday next.

Dr. Porter extracts teeth without pain.

The new steamer for Honey Lake was loaded on the cars at Truckee on Tuesday last.

Our county dads are being complimented for the good work they are doing on our streets.

Ex-Senator W. C. Grimes and County Treasurer Sanford of Churchill visited Reno yesterday.

The Organ social at the M. E. Church last evening was a very enjoyable affair and well attended.

Sol Levy, who has been in San Francisco for some days returned home yesterday morning.

The assessment notice of the South Side Ditch Company will be found in another column.

Do not forget that Company C will give one of their enjoyable socials at the Pavilion this evening.

Ladies, attention! For immediate relief use Moeslin's French Feminine Pills. Sold by McCullough.

Senator Harris of Tennessee has been elected President pro tem of the Senate without opposition.

The agreeable flavor of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral makes it easy to administer to children. Its great merits confirm its popularity.

N. H. A. Mason shipped a carload of draft horses to San Francisco yesterday. They were brought here by rail from Mason Valley.

Rev. Erasmus Van Derlin announces his intention of resigning the rectorship of Trinity Church. He will remain Principal of Whitaker Hall.

To make the hair grow a natural color, prevent baldness, and keep the scalp healthy, Hall's Hair Remover was invented, and has proved itself successful.

It is announced in a dispatch from London that in consequence of the continued absence of her husband Mrs. J. W. Mackay will sail for New York to-day.

Henry Morris now has three chairs in his torsorial parlor and each is presided over by an artist. Customers therefore do not tire waiting for their turn, m211f

Mr. and Mrs. George Derner arrived home yesterday morning from San Francisco, where Mrs. Derner has been under medical treatment and considered cured.

Dr. Patterson, having declined the position of a member of the State Board of Health tendered him by the Governor, Dr. J. A. Lewis of Reno has been appointed in his stead.

The Transcript says: "Ed Black one of Nevada City's popular young men, who is telegraph operator at Floriston, arrived here on Saturday evening and is being warmly welcomed by his hosts of friends."

A French doctor is given as authority for the statement that lemon juice used as a gargle is a specific against dysphoria as well as other throat diseases. He has successfully employed this treatment for 18 years.

"Mines and Mills" is the title of a new weekly periodical published at Salt Lake. It is devoted to mining and kindred industries and contains much valuable information on extracting and reducing ores. The subscription price is \$3 a year; single copies, 10 cents.

South California clubs are being organized in San Diego for the purpose of creating a sentiment in favor of dividing the State of California. A meeting to emphasize the demand for division is to be held at a time and place to be determined by those favoring the movement.

While passing a fish stall yesterday where some founders were on exhibition one of our citizens was heard to ask the clerk why the fish were split in two. There may not be much of interest in the above paragraph but it shows there are some tonal artists who are not experts on the fish market.

William and Lem Jones, two brothers, engaged in mining on Oiney creek, six miles from Redding, Cal., while making a clean-up, of their placer diggings, found two lumps of gold weighing \$500 and \$200 respectively, besides getting about \$300 in smaller pieces and dust. Their find has created considerable excitement.

According to the report of the Interstate Commerce Commission there are 1,785 railroad corporations in the United States, 49 of which own nearly one-half of the track mileage. There were 4,800 miles of railroad built in 1891, yet the number of railroad companies decreased, 92 of them having been absorbed by other companies.

The Silver State says: G. W. Summerfield has purchased for the Baden slaughtering establishment Jerry Hearns, John Vance and F. P. Snapp's beef steer. They will be shipped from Winnemucca next Monday. About all the beef cattle left in the country, except some at Lovelock, is a lot of 600 owned by O. North of the Clover Valley Land & Stock Company.

WEATHER FORECASTS.

Remarkable April Weather Predicted—Mosaic Record and Geologic History. Copyrighted 1893 by W. T. Foster.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., March 24, 1893.

My last bulletin gave forecasts of a storm to cross the continent from the 24th to the 28th, and the next will reach the Pacific coast about the 28th, cross the Western mountains by the close of the 29th, the great central valleys from March 30th to April 1st, and the Eastern States about April 2d.

This storm will become very severe about the 31st in the great central valleys, probably about the time it is crossing the Mississippi river.

Remarkable weather in many respects will occur in April. The cool wave will cross the western mountains about March 31st, the great central valleys about April 2d and the Eastern States about April 3d.

With the usual fluctuations in temperature the average temperature will rapidly increase until about the 22d in the far west, the 24th in the Middle States, and the 26th in the Eastern States. Where there are heavy snows on the ground, about the 1st of April there will be danger of very high waters, as the thaw will move northward very rapidly. In the northern latitudes and in the Rocky mountains heavy rains will begin about the middle of April. Not general rains but of the cloud-burst variety and this, with the melting snows, will cause high waters on the head waters of the Missouri, Mississippi and other northern water courses.

A DAY OF REST.

Following the Mosaic record we find, "Let the waters under the Heaven be gathered," etc. Why say under if not to express the idea that another body of water hung over the earth? At the time referred to in the Mosaic record the sun had existed for millions of years, but had not been seen on earth since the advent of the moon-comet. Geology and Moses declare that grass, herbs and fruit had grown on the earth long before the sun appeared to its inhabitants. The Mosaic record gives an account of light during the first day or period, but the lesser and greater luminaries did not appear till the close of the fourth period.

Take the geologic history which tells us of the gigantic ferns that grew during the carboniferous age and it declares that no fierce sunlight and sun-beam penetrated to the earth, and yet we know that a warm and moist climate was necessary to the immense vegetal growth of that period. All this constitutes wonderful harmonies with the Mosaic record and declares that during the first, second and third days, or periods, of the Mosaic record there existed a diffused light but no sun was seen. There was a space of light called day and a space of darkness called night. The moon was not known in that period. It had probably not then receded enough from the earth to place it above the dense cloud belts and taking the belief of other planets as we now see them as a basis for our reasoning, the earth's cloud belts must have been 25,000 feet deep and therefore the moon was completely hidden from the light of the sun and the eyes of the earth's inhabitants. I believe the dark spot on Jupiter to be a moon immersed in Jupiter's cloud belts. That moon revolves around Jupiter in about ten hours and this has misled astronomers to suppose that the great planet Saturn revolves on its axis in less than ten hours. I do not believe that Jupiter revolves on its axis in less than ten of our days.

AN AGE OF QUIETUDE.

In the fourth period of the Mosaic record the moon was known to exist. It had then receded from the earth so far that it was above the cloud belts and therefore was designated as one of the lights in the fourth period. The words, sun and moon are not found in the Mosaic record, till after the deluge. Before the deluge they were known as lighters. They illuminated the heaven or expanse which in turn gave light on the earth. There is no evidence in the Mosaic record that the sun and moon appeared as they do now before the flood, but there is unmistakable evidence that stars did appear and this, too, is in accord with the law.

The cloud belts would decline and clear away at the poles of the earth, or in the northern or southern polar regions before they would over or near the earth's equator. Under the cloud belt conditions of the earth, light and heat would more generally extend to all parts of the earth, but would have most effect near the earth's equator and there, in that garden of Eden lived the greater portion of our ancestors. The stars could be seen far to the north or south, but as the sun and moon were more nearly over the earth's equator, they would not come into view till the belts had cleared away.

The Mosaic record says there was an upper deep or fund of water, and to say that the sun and moon were visible at the same time would be a contradiction, and therefore the record does not make the statement.

When the moon had receded from the earth and was above the cloud belts, the vapors had risen near the equator and fallen near the poles, there was a universal greenhouse age all around the earth near the equator, an age of universal quietude, of rest. The great storms caused by the nearness of the moon to the earth had ceased. Where man dwelt it was a rainy season and vegetation was watered only by the dew.

That was the seventh day; the day of rest for all nature, the Edenic age, and the geologic record is even more emphatic in its evidence on this point than are the statements found in Genesis.

A REWARD OFFERED.

Parties have been in the habit of late of meddling with and injuring Marco's tricycle whenever the owner happens to leave it unprotected on the sidewalk. Mr. Fredrick offers a reward of \$10 for positive proof of any person found injuring his wheel.

18mlw

NEW LAWS.

To Provide for the Admission of Certain Persons into the Nevada State Insane Asylum. Approved February 27, 1893.

SECTION 2. It shall be the duty of the District Judge in each Judicial District of the State, upon the application of any person under oath that any person within said district who has been a bona fide resident of the State for more than five years and of the county wherein he is at the time residing for one full year preceding the making of said application, is an idiot or feeble-minded person, to cause such person to be brought before him at such time and such place as he may direct, and the said Judge shall also cause to appear at such time and place such witnesses as he may deem proper and one or more licensed practicing physicians. Said physicians shall proceed to examine the person and the witnesses so brought before said Judge, the witnesses to be placed under oath, and if said physicians, after careful examination, shall certify upon oath that the charge, if sovered, giving their reasons therefor, and if the District Judge is satisfied that such person is an idiot or a feeble-minded person and is incompetent to provide for his or her proper care or support, and has no property applicable for such purpose, and no kindred in the degree of husband or wife, father or mother, child, brother or sister living within this State of sufficient means or ability to provide properly for such care and support, and is further satisfied that it will be for the best interest of said indigent and the county of which he is at the time a resident, he shall cause the said indigent, idiot or feeble-minded person to be conveyed to the Insane Asylum of this State at the expense of the county of which said person was a bona fide resident during the period of one year next preceding the making of said application, and placed in charge of the proper person having charge of said Asylum, together with a copy of the complaint, commitment and physicians' certificate, which shall be in such form as the Board of Commissioners for the Care of the Indigent Insane of the State of Nevada may prescribe.

Sec. 2. The county of which any person committed to said Asylum, under the provisions of section one of this Act, was a bona fide resident during all of the year next preceding the making of application for his or her commitment, shall pay into the Treasury of the State of Nevada, quarterly, on the first Monday of January, April, July and October, from and ever after such commitment, the actual expense of maintaining and keeping such person at said Asylum, for which said county shall be liable to the State of Nevada, the amount of said expenses to be certified to the Board of Commissioners of such county by the Superintendent of said Insane Asylum.

Sec. 3. All former Acts, insofar as they are in conflict with or repugnant to the provisions of this Act, are hereby repealed.

SECTION 2. Section 4 of said Act is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section four. On the third Wednesday in January, A. D., 1895, the Board of State Prison Commissioners shall elect a Warden of the State Prison.

The Warden so elected shall take charge of the game on the first day of February following his election, and shall hold office until his successor is elected and qualified. He shall be subject, at all times, to the order and direction of said Board of State Prison Commissioners. The Warden shall be the chief executive officer of the Prison, at a salary of \$2,000 per annum, and shall reside at the Prison.

Approved March 6, 1893.

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Section four. On the third Wednesday in January, A. D., 1895, the Board of State Prison Commissioners shall elect a Warden of the State Prison.

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James Yerington, of the World's Fair Commission, arrived on the Comstock to day to secure if possible mineral exhibits from the various mining properties. Mr. Yerington is busily engaged in visiting various parts of the State with the view of making a creditable exhibit. It is his desire that visitors to the Fair shall be surprised at the abundant resources of Nevada. The Fair is to open on the 20th of April.

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